



Case Summary

General Case Information

Case Number	Case Type	Sub Case Type	Release to Database
1062297	Interpretation Request	Playing and Practice Seasons - Bylaw 17	No

Division	Sport(s)
I	

Legislative Cite(s)

17.29.1.5 - Practice Limitation.
- NCAA Division I Basketball Summer Athletic Activities (I)
- Foreign Tours (I)

Status Information

Status	Status Date	Status Level	Status Level Type
Resolved	06/24/2019	Staff	Individual

Conditions

Rationale

Interpretation:: Pursuant to the 6/27/14, Educational Column, student-athletes may engage, either concurrently or separately, in both required summer activities and permissible practices in preparation of a foreign tour. When required summer activities and foreign tour practices overlap, the institution should monitor the type of activity occurring and apply the appropriate legislation. On days when the institution is engaged in foreign tour practice per Bylaw 17.29.1.5, there are no limitations on the type of athletically related activities that may occur and there are also no daily or weekly hour limitations. However, please keep in mind that a student-athlete may only participate in the activities for which they are eligible.

Case Summary

Specific Case Information

Describe the interpretive request

Men's basketball program has a declared summer segment that begins on 7/7 and ends with the conclusion of summer school on 8/16. The men's basketball program is departing later in the day on 8/16 for a foreign tour in Canada. Can they utilize the 10 practice days for the foreign tour while their summer segment is still occurring without going over weekly hour limitations. In other words, would the time spent on those foreign tour practices count toward summer weekly hour limits?

Provide the conference analysis of the interpretive request.

Provide the institution's analysis of the interpretive request.



Case Summary

General Case Information

Case Number	Case Type	Sub Case Type	Release to Database
1057362	Interpretation Request	Eligibility - Bylaw 14 Four-Year College Transfers-Bylaw 14.5.5 (Including Graduate Transfers - Bylaws 14.6.1)	No

Division Sport(s)

I

Legislative Cite(s)

2018-103 - ACADEMIC ELIGIBILITY -- EXCEPTIONS FOR TRANSFERS FROM FOUR-YEAR COLLEGES -- NONRECRUITED OR NONSCHOLARSHIP EXCEPTION

Status Information

Status	Status Date	Status Level	Status Level Type
Resolved	05/08/2019	Staff	Individual

Conditions

Rationale

Interpretation:: The institution's analysis is correct. The effective date of August 1, 2019 pertains to the SA's initial full-time enrollment at the certifying institution to which the SA transfers. As a result, an incoming transfer SA who triggers transfer via the receipt of summer athletics aid during summer 2019 would still have the ability to utilize the new nonscholarship transfer exception at the start of the 2019 regular fall term.

Case Summary

Specific Case Information

Describe the interpretive request

2018-103 is recently adopted legislation. Its effective date is August 1, 2019. What effect, if any, does the effective date have on a student-athlete who would like to enroll in summer school at their new institution prior to the effective date. In other words, would enrolling in summer school prior to August 1 negate a transfer SA's ability to qualify for immediate eligibility since they would have been enrolled (albeit not full-time) at their new institution prior to the rule going into effect. Or would a student-athlete be able to enroll in summer school and take classes at their new institution prior to August 1 without affecting their ability to qualify for the rule in the fall semester.

Provide the conference analysis of the interpretive request.

Tended to agree with institution.

Provide the institution's analysis of the interpretive request.

Institution believes August 1 date is likely only applicable to the residency period and not the date they enrolled at new school. Therefore, even if a student-athlete transfers and begins taking summer classes before August 1, they would still be able to qualify for the exception as soon as August 1 passes.



Case Summary

General Case Information

Case Number	Case Type	Sub Case Type	Release to Database
1052226	Interpretation Request	Recruiting - Bylaw 13	No

Division	Sport(s)
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Legislative Cite(s)

13.6.4 - Length of Official Visit.
13.6.4.1 - 48-Hour Period Defined.

Status Information

Status	Status Date	Status Level	Status Level Type
Resolved	03/29/2019	Staff	Bylaw Team Meeting

Conditions

Rationale

Interpretation:: No, it is not permissible for the institution to pay a prospective student-athlete's return travel expenses if the PSA delays their departure for personal reasons.

Specifically, Bylaw 13.6.4.1 (48-hour period defined) states the PSA's transportation to and from campus must be without delay for personal reasons and at the completion of the 48-hour visit. The PSA must depart the institution's campus immediately; otherwise, the institution may not pay any expenses incurred by the PSA upon departure from the institution's campus, including the cost of the PSA's transportation home.

Case Summary

Specific Case Information

Describe the interpretive request

A women's basketball prospective student-athlete will be taking an official visit. She will be accompanied by her parents. The family (including the prospect) would like to tour NYC once their official visit concludes. The family would pay for any hotel or meal expenses they accrue after the official visit concludes. Can the institution pay for their travel expenses to get to NYC and their flight from NYC back to Sweden? NYC is not in the locale of the institution.

Provide the conference analysis of the interpretive request.

Provide the institution's analysis of the interpretive request.



Case Summary

General Case Information

Case Number	Case Type	Sub Case Type	Release to Database
1046059	Interpretation Request	Recruiting - Bylaw 13	No

Division	Sport(s)
I	

Legislative Cite(s)

- One-on-one skill instruction
13.11 - Tryouts.
13.12.1 - Institution's Sports Camps and Clinics.

Status Information

Status	Status Date	Status Level	Status Level Type
Resolved	02/01/2019	Staff	Individual

Conditions

Rationale

Interpretation:: Per the March 11, 1994, staff interpretation, the tryout rule is not gender specific. Therefore, a women's field hockey coach would be precluded from giving private lessons to a male field hockey prospective student-athlete. The tryout legislation would not preclude the coach from providing private lessons to non-psa aged individuals.

The camp and clinic legislation would not preclude the coach from offering camp that included both male and female psas in the sport of field hockey.

Case Summary

Specific Case Information

Describe the interpretive request

Institution's women's field hockey assistant coach (WFH AC) runs institutional camps and clinics. WFH AC would like to expand her camps and clinics by offering camps and clinics to males who play field hockey. WFH AC would also like to provide private lessons to males who play field hockey. Since men's field hockey is not a Division I sport and it is the opposite gender of the sport the WFH AC coaches, can [REDACTED] offer camps, clinics and private lessons? The camps, clinics and private lessons would be to both prospect and non-prospect aged males.

Provide the conference analysis of the interpretive request.

Provide the institution's analysis of the interpretive request.



Case Summary

General Case Information

Case Number	Case Type	Sub Case Type	Release to Database
1044729	Interpretation Request	Eligibility - Bylaw 14 Initial Eligibility-Bylaw 14.3	No

Division **Sport(s)**

I

Legislative Cite(s)

- 14.3.3 - Seasons of Competition -- Nonqualifiers.
- Fourth Season of Eligibility for Nonqualifier in a Five-Year Program (I)
- 14.3.3.2 - Fourth Season of Competition -- Nonqualifiers.
- 14.3.3.1 - Application of Delayed Enrollment Legislation.

Status Information

Status	Status Date	Status Level	Status Level Type
Resolved	02/12/2019	Staff	Bylaw Team Meeting

Conditions

Rationale

Interpretation:: A fourth season of competition may only be granted to a student-athlete (SA) who is a final qualifier when the SA competes 80 percent of their designated degree program at the beginning of their fifth academic year per bylaw 14.3.3.2. Based on the information provided, a progress-toward-degree waiver may be the best course of action.

Case Summary

Specific Case Information

Describe the interpretive request

Student-athlete (SA) is entering their second academic year (third semester). SA was deemed a final nonqualifier and served his first academic year (semesters one and two) in residence. As a result, SA may not engage in more than 3 years of competition. In addition, this SA has conditions as part of his amateurism certification. SA was charged a season due to delayed enrollment legislation (12.8.3.2)-- the residency period was waived. Pursuant to bylaw 14.3.3.1, SA is deemed to have used that season of competition. Therefore, entering his second academic year (3rd semester), SA has used 1 of 3 seasons. After his second and third academic years SA likely will have used all 3 of his 3 allotted seasons of competition. However, the way 14.3.3.2 is written, SA would not have the opportunity to regain his fourth season of competition until his fifth academic year. May SA be awarded a fourth season of competition for his fourth academic year by meeting the progress-towards-degree percentage mark (for the fourth academic year of enrollment- 60%)? 14.3.3.2 is written with progress-towards-degree percentage as its marker. There is also further precedent as the attached interpretation also stipulates to the progress-towards-degree percentage as a marker in the case of a nonqualifier pursuing a 5-year degree attempting to regain their fourth year.

Provide the conference analysis of the interpretive request.

Provide the institution's analysis of the interpretive request.



Case Summary

General Case Information

Case Number	Case Type	Sub Case Type	Release to Database
1043377	Interpretation Request	Amateurism - Bylaw 12	No

Division	Sport(s)
I	

Legislative Cite(s)

12.5.2.1 - Advertisements and Promotions After Becoming a Student-Athlete.
 12.4.4 - Self-Employment.

Status Information

Status	Status Date	Status Level	Status Level Type
Resolved	01/03/2019	Staff	Individual

Conditions

Rationale

Interpretation:: The institution may apply a previously approved waiver for non-athletically related promotional activities involving a commercial product (Bylaws 12.4.4, 12.5.2.1), provided the SA's online activities meet the following parameters: (1) SA may only use her name, image, or likeness to promote her own business, which may include her own monetized gaming channel. The previously approved waiver would not extend to promotion of gaming companies, other gamers, etc.; (2) SA became involved in gaming for reasons unrelated to athletics; (3) The institution does not have any involvement with promotional activities related to SA's gaming career; (4) No reference shall be made to the SA's involvement in intercollegiate athletics. For example, SA's personal social media platforms, if they make any reference to athletics or her status as a SA, must be entirely separate from any social media account used for gaming; AND (5) As mentioned in the interpretive request, the SA must be paid at a rate commensurate with her skills and experience in video gaming and not based on athletics ability or reputation.

Case Summary

Specific Case Information

Describe the interpretive request

Women's Golf student-athlete is an online gamer. She wants to accept money for streaming video games online. The money earned would strictly be from donations or subscriptions to her channel out of the kindness of followers/viewers watching. This is also something that other students have an equal opportunity of doing. Institution finds no concern with this as long as the student-athlete abides by 12.4.4 and does not use her name, photograph or athletics reputation to promote her gaming channel. Student-athlete is concerned about individuals who may know her and possibly refer to her by her actual (given or nickname) online. Institution would like guidance on how to advise student-athlete to navigate this type of situation or if this should be avoided completely. Institution would request student to document this as "self-employment" with the compliance office.

Provide the conference analysis of the interpretive request.

Provide the institution's analysis of the interpretive request.